From Catching-up to Convergence of the Latecomer Firms:

Evidence from the Korean firm data.

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This paper examines a hypothesis that the catching up firms from latecomer countries may

converge to advanced firms when there is an improvement of their technological capabilities

and/or corporate governance over time. Comparing the behavior and performance of the

Korean firms during the 1990s and the 2000s and 2010s, this paper finds some evidences of

convergence, such that Korean firms become more profitibility-oriented than growth-oriented,

borrowing and investing less and thus less indebted, whereas they have not changed much in

terms of their behavor about firm values and dividends tendencies. Further analysis using the

patent-derived variables also confirms some aspects of covergence, compared to the early

resuts in Lee (2013: ch. 5), that self-citations become significant and positive for firm values,

whereas cycle time of technology variable become insiginficant for profitability, which is

consistent with the results from the US firms. In the meantime, changes in corporate

governance associated with the rise of foreign shareholder are also shown to have resulted in

higher profitability but insignificant change in firm values.